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Version 1 - May 2022



Welcome

Over the last 12 months, the Hendre group has continued to work and build out of the pandemic, innovating the way we deliver our wide range of services to customers and providing ongoing well-being support to our colleagues.

We continue to be a sector leader and are proud of our unique position in Wales providing housing, care and support services. We have developed excellent relationships with government, both local and national, and are keen to do more through collaboration and partnership.

We are also open to partnerships with other housing associations and continue to lead discussions about utilising the capacity of the sector locally in addressing a range of needs.

As part of our response to the wider role around emerging social, economic and environmental crisis, we have continued to develop solutions to some of society's challenges that our tenants and residents face, such as loneliness and isolation through our collaborative development of our Home Care app.

We are reshaping our social care offer, seeking partnerships with local government and health boards in the delivery of innovative services, with a focus on high quality, modern facilities and highly skilled colleagues.

Strengthening our Board has remained a key focus to ensure a strong skill mix that reflects our services and aspirations. We have attracted four new high-profile Board members, bringing an additional range of expertise and experiences across housing, care and the broader public service agenda to aid our strategic decision-making. Our ambition is to increase investment in our housing stock, focusing on repairs and maintenance. This includes addressing the backlog of repairs that we were unable to complete during the pandemic due to lockdown restrictions. We will deliver high-quality repairs that are fit for purpose in a timely manner to meet customer expectations and within budget. This will provide a long-lasting solution and also contribute to our aim of becoming a carbon neutral organisation.

Our Board has shown leadership in response to the climate emergency through their endorsement of Hafod's decarbonisation working group. The group have developed a strategy which includes short, mid and long term actions to deliver Welsh Government's decarbonisation ambitions.

We are working towards becoming a net carbon zero organisation by 2036 through new ways of working such as digitalisation, and also reviewing our supply chains and resources across the business. We've rolled out a carbon literacy programme to raise awareness amongst colleagues of the impact of our actions to ensure we all make climate-responsible decisions.

Looking ahead, we are confident that the next 12 months will bring further opportunities and success which will see us continue to strengthen our services for our customers.

Jas Bains Chief Executive

Jonathan Morgan Chair of Board





5,700+ properties



1,250+ colleagues



Nine local authorities



We are pleased to report that during 2021 we delivered a number of strategic priorities, the key achievements of which are outlined below:



Turnover grew by 2.5%



Pledged our commitment to the Tai Pawb 'Deeds not words' pledge



Lives directly impacted through our research and innovation work



102 new homes handed over and stock condition surveys completed to aid our future decarbonisation strategy



Worked with our customers to develop and introduced a Customer Charter



Net surplus



Continued to embed our person-centred neighbourhood coaching model



Revenue provided to businesses in Wales through our development activities



Operating surplus

Best	Great
Workplaces	Place
For Women	To
Super Large Organizations	Work
Sreat Place Uit Ank 2021	Certified

Accredited as a Great Place to Work employer



Savings after updating our Procurement Strategy, processes and guidance



Made a commitment to the Pathways to Board Programme to attract and develop people from ethnic minority backgrounds to become Board members



Bathroom and showers



Kitchens

Heating systems

 \bigcirc



Doors

Despite the on-going challenges of the Covid pandemic in 2021 we installed:





233 Windows

90 Roofs



Three year Digital Transformation Strategy developed



Income provided for people living in Wales through our development activities



Created six partnerships to support our innovation ambitions



Cash donations given to local communities





Solar panel and battery storage

Financial performance

We continued to demonstrate strong financial performance throughout 2021.

In this section, you will find a four year summary of our financial performance and key financial indicators. In this section

Our financial performance

Summary statement of comprehensive income – Group

Key financial performance indicators – Group

Summary statement of cash flows – Group Summary statement of financial position – Group





Our financial performance

Our turnover grew by 2.5% in 2021 to £63.8m (2020: £62.3m), despite the on-going challenges of the Covid pandemic. Operating surplus of £8.5m was 13.3% of turnover (2020: £8.9m and 14.3% of turnover) and net surplus of £2.8m represents 4.4% of turnover (2020: £3.3m and 5.4% of turnover). While operating and net margins have fallen, this is a combination of factors associated with pandemic restrictions and the effects of emerging from those restrictions. Material effects were:

- Care home occupancy was impacted by homes entering local lockdown at certain points during the year. Support has been received from the Welsh Government to manage the cost impact of the void position.
- As Wales emerged from lockdown restrictions and concerns over access to properties eased, the levels of reactive and planned maintenance increased above prior year levels where access remained restricted for large parts of the year.

Our St Isan Care Home closed in March 2022. The financial impact of the closure was incorporated in 2021 results including providing for redundancy and asset write-off costs. The impact of closure is not material in relation to the overall results for the year.

Apart from higher maintenance costs, the underlying performance of Hafod's housing provision has remained strong with voids and arrears levels reaching historical lows at certain points during 2021.

> The strength of our core business and excellent liquidity means that we have the financial capacity to continue to manage the effects of the pandemic and fulfil our strategic objectives.

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Simon Mellor, Corporate Director - Finance, Investments and Development

Summary statement of comprehensive income – Group

Turnover Operating expenditure Other operating income & costs Surplus on disposal of assets **Operating surplus** Net interest payable Other income and expenditure Taxation **Surplus for the year** Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pension scheme **Total comprehensive income for the year**

An independent evaluation of the Greater Gwent (Torfaen) final salary pension scheme resulted in an actuarial gain on the scheme being reported in Hafod Housing Association Limited's statement of comprehensive income for the year of £1.5m (2020: £0.4m actuarial loss). This matter is dealt with further in the financial statements.

We maintain adequate headroom over covenant levels to manage the challenges presented by the current economic climate. The Group is not exposed to interest rate risk within the next 12 months from its current drawn debt portfolio with all drawn debt at a fixed rate of interest.

Summary statement of financial positio

Fixed assets Current assets Total assets

Current liabilities Housing loans Government grants Deferred tax Defined benefit pension liability **Total liabilities**

Net assets represented by reserves

Revenue reserves at the end of 2020 of \pounds 73.4m increased to \pounds 77.7m as at 31 December 2021, this net increase comprising the surplus for the year (\pounds 2.8m) and the actuarial gain on the pension scheme (\pounds 1.5m).

2021 £m	2020 £m	2019 £m
63.8	62.3	60.6
(55.7)	(53.5)	(53.7)
-	-	0.1
0.4	0.1	0.3
8.5	8.9	7.3
(5.7)	(5.6)	(5.4)
-	-	-
-	-	-
2.8	3.3	1.9
1.5	(0.4)	0.5
4.3	2.9	2.4

2021 £m	2020 £m	2019 £m
389.8	381.9	369.8
41.9	33.0	33.4
431.7	414.9	403.2
(13.2)	(10.3)	(10.4)
(134.7)	(137.6)	(136.5)
(206.8)	(192.9)	(185.5)
-	-	-
0.7	(0.7)	(0.3)
(354.0)	(341.5)	(332.7)
77.7	73.4	70.5

Summary statement of cash flows – Group

	2021 £m	2020 £m	2019 £m
Opening cash and cash equivalents	20.6	18.4	26.6
Net cash from operating activities	14.7	16.3	10.7
Purchase of fixed assets	(13.6)	(17.1)	(27.6)
Investment in joint venture	(0.9)	(0.9)	(3.9)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	1.6	0.9	1.2
Government grants received	15.7	7.5	9.0
Net interest paid	(5.7)	(5.6)	(5.2)
Loan received/(repaid)	(2.9)	1.1	7.6
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	8.9	2.2	(8.2)
Closing cash and cash equivalents	29.5	20.6	18.4

Key financial performance indicators – Group

Operating surplus as % of turnover Net surplus as % of turnover Net surplus as percentage of net assets Average net interest cost Change in annual turnover Change in net assets

There was a net cash inflow from operating activities during the year of £14.7m (2020: £16.3m). External borrowing was offset by bank account balances to leave net debt at the end of 2021 of £105m (2020: £117m). After cash outflows in respect of interest payable, loan repayments, investment in component replacements and purchase of replacement fixed assets, the Group generated 'free cash flows' of £2.7m (2020: £6.9m). The Group's net debt position improved primarily due to the receipt of £15.7m government grants towards the development programme which continues apace.

The Group's cash and liquidity position remains strong and cash balances increased from £20.6m in 2020 to £29.5m in 2021 with a committed facility of £20m available in both years. Our Group's cash position is managed through daily, weekly and monthly cash management and forecasting.

The financial statements and supporting notes detail the financial performance of the various operating activities of the Group.



2021	2020	2019
13.3%	14.3%	12.0%
4.4%	5.3%	3.1%
3.6%	4.5%	2.7%
4.2%	4.1%	4.2%
2.4%	2.8%	9.2%
5.9%	4.1%	3.5%



growth in properties in mgt

Strategic review and performance

As we entered 2022 the Board, Executive team and senior leaders reflected on the challenges we faced in 2021 and how through the commitment of our colleagues we finished the year in a good financial position and have successfully delivered a number of strategic objectives.

This section includes our Strategic Plan, our strategic priorties and our six priorities for 2022.

In this section

Our Strategic Plan 2021-2025

Our strategic priorities

Our six priorities for 2022





Our Strategic Plan 2021-2025

Our Strategic Plan covers the period 2021-2025, when the world is likely to change significantly - politically, socially, economically and environmentally. It is ambitious and future proof. It will ensure our services remain relevant and in-step with how customers live their lives.

Our plan has identified 11 strategic objectives



Enabling



World-class governance

Care



Support





Putting customers first



place to work

Want to know more?

Click here to view performance against our year one targets for each strategic objective.



Digital transformation

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Meaningful innovation



Housing

Financial capacity and resources



2022 will be a challenging year for many of us with inflation pressures, rising energy prices, continued uncertainty around Covid and the removal of Covid support funding.

In this section we will be sharing some key information about our customers including how customers engage with us, our neighbourhood coaching approach, housing and support case studies and highlights of our care customers' satisfaction.



Infrastructure

Investing in our tools and resources to improve long term viability and sustainability for the benefit of colleagues' working practices and enhancing our customers' quality of life.



Customers Continuing to focus on enhancing our customers' experience in everything we do.

Six Strategic Priorities 2022



Assets

Having an effective system for repairs and maintenance to meet required standards, making sure customers live in a safe environment.

Viability Meeting the requirements of regulation and financial lenders while continuing to provide strong and sustainable services for our customers.



In 2022 a project board approach will be applied throughout the business to ensure alignment, monitoring and delivery of the strategic objectives.



Operating model Using our resources efficiently and effectively to deliver high quality services to our customers.



Governance Working to an effective risk management framework and meeting regulatory legislation.



Focus on customers

Customers who feel part of a safe, connected community where they receive high quality services is a key outcome for us. By building strong relationships with our customers, understanding community needs and unlocking people's potential we are paving the way for a future where our customers do for themselves and each other; building sustainable, resilient communities.

In this section we will be sharing some key information about our customers including how customers engage with us, our neighbourhood coaching approach, housing and support case studies and highlights of our care customers' satisfaction. In this section

Customer engagement

Our neighbourhood coaching approach

Our care customers





1,402 516 135 responses to Question shared their thoughts views for Walk in on Covid-19 your Community event of the Month 482 4,272 3,678 Facebook group times our Hafod 24/7 app customers returned members the STAR survey was used What has changed as a result? Our Facebook groups have We have reviewed our retirement 24/7 app trouble shooting Eight actions have been Customers are more completed as a result of Walk enabled customers to take part schemes out of hours service guidance produced to directly involved in our in your Community, including in community competitions. to ensure it still meets our help colleagues support organisational design, the removal customers with common customers' needs, resulting in e.g. customers are of overgrown trees. some customers involved in the recruitment issues. saving £5 per week. of our support colleagues







Customer groups



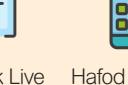
Walk in your community



Facebook groups



How our customers engage with us







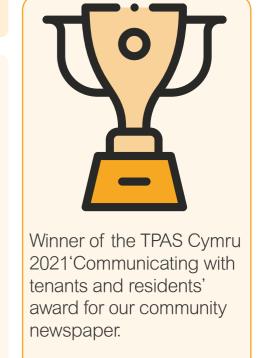
Customer surveys

Facebook Live and polls

13

Hafod 24/7 app







Click to find out more about how our customers are involved with us.



Mystery shopping



Task and finish groups



Focus on our coaching approach

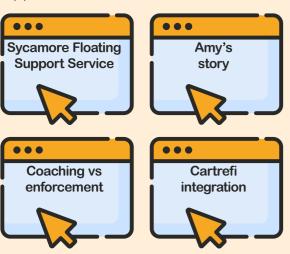
We switched to a neighbourhood coaching model in 2019, which has allowed us to get closer to our customers, building relationships and trust. This has allowed customers to approach us before they reach crisis point and enables us to work with them on all areas affecting tenancy sustainability including health, support, finance, education and much more.

Our coaching model has also enabled us to look at barriers to achieving these things such as confidence to give each person the tools they need to prosper. Through working with customers in this way, we are able to encourage them to value and perceive themselves as assets in their community. Where there are any needs for support or help, we encourage them to own their own solutions so that we know their desired outcome and can ensure that we offer a person-centred service.

It is clear that whilst there is still a long way to go in ensuring a more joined up approach with housing, health and support, we are hopeful that if all professionals continue to encompass the passion to eradicate homelessness and ensure tenancy sustainability, we can all achieve great things.

Want to know more?

You can read more case studies of our customer journeys in housing and support



Joyce's story

Joyce has been a resident for over 32 years and recently she was taken into hospital for a routine check and caught Covid. Since then she has not been herself and there are a lot of things that she cannot do for herself which she could before such as cleaning, washing, cooking, walking unaided and so on.

Over the years, herself and her neighbours Amanda (No.21) and Vance (No.20) have formed a really close friendship and they have been looking out for each other, helping with day-to-day life as well as emotional support.

Actions

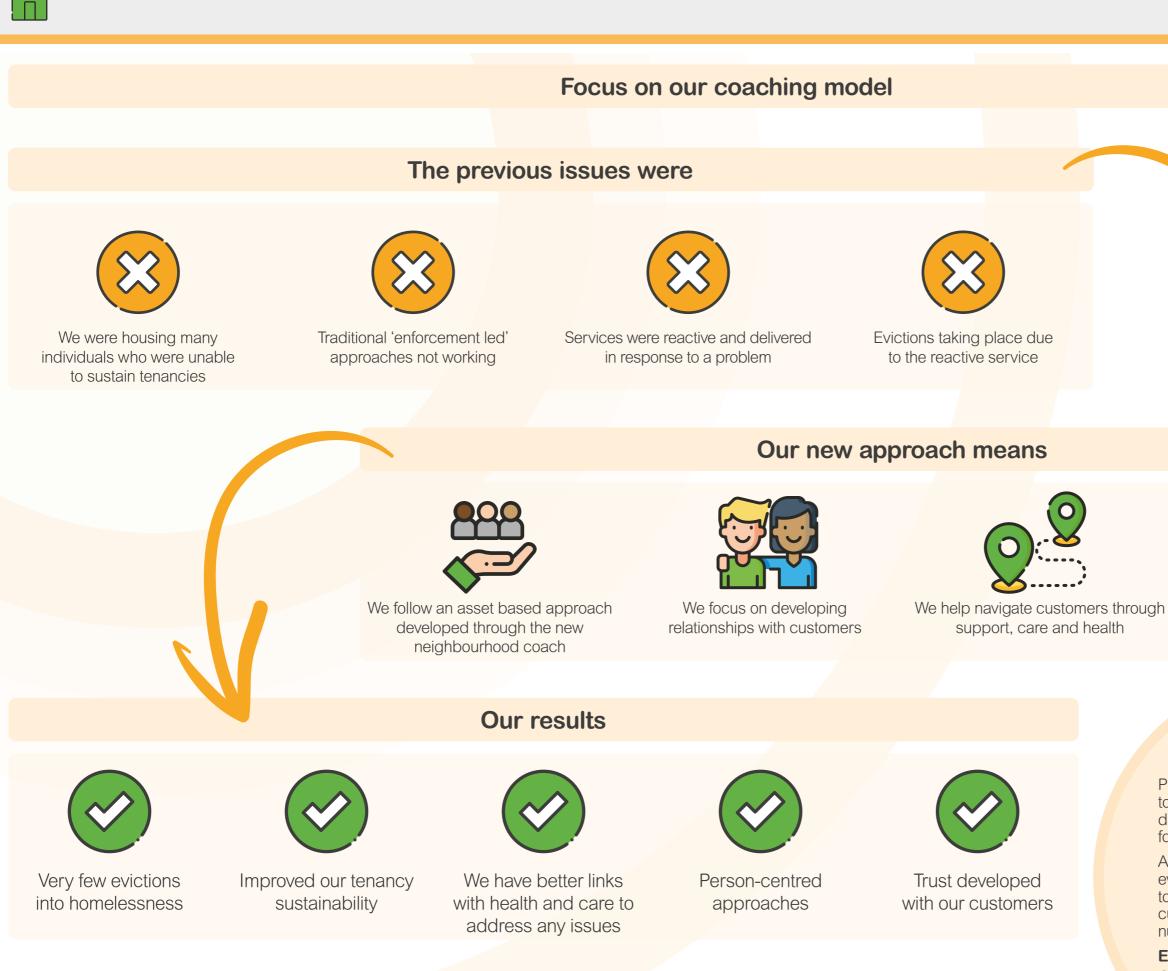
Joyce's neighbours and Joyce's family decided as a surprise to redecorate the property so she would come home to a nice home (as she hasn't decorated for a while). Hafod also gave her some daffodil bulbs for her front garden as Joyce loves her flowers.

Vance has always been happy to lend a hand as well if Joyce needs some shopping or help with DIY. Another neighbour Sian (No. 40) also helps out, often cutting Joyce's hair. Joyce appreciates all the help she gets especially Amanda who takes care of her day-to-day living. Joyce said: "She brings me different meals every day. She makes sure I take my tablets and kicks everyone out when teatime comes!"

The outcome

Joyce loves her home and her neighbours. She really appreciates everything we do for her and her neighbours. Her housing coach, Fatoma Yarwood is doing all she can to make Joyce's life easier by getting her some minor adaptations such as a ramp for her so she is not housebound and she can go outside and look at her flower garden which gives her lots of joy. The story is so inspiring. It goes to show there are really nice people out there who will look out for you whether you are family or not. The community spirit is lovely.

Lisa Lee, Neighbourhood Housing Coach





We look at the causes of

problems, not the symptoms

Proactively reaching out to customers to offer help and assistance during this difficult and uncertain period has been the focus for frontline services.

Asking what matters and making every contact count has been crucial to delivering side by side support to customers and communities, all helping to nurture improved health and well-being.

Elke Winton, **Corporate Director - Homes and** Communities



Our care customers' feedback

Each year we ask our residents, relatives, visiting professionals and colleagues for their views as part of our satisfaction survey which we share with Care Inspectorate Wales. This helps us to understand what we need to keep doing and where we need to improve. You can read a selection of the feedback highlights and comments below from our residents and family members.



of which residential/nursing home I should find for my mother. I chose Picton Court and it was one of the best decisions I have ever made. It has now been six months and she feels at home. Everyone is brilliant and the home is lovely.

Family member of resident at Picton Court Care Home

The whole team in Mountain View have made dad feel very welcome and we thank them from the bottom of our hearts for what they have done and continue to do.

Family member of resident at our Tŷ Penrhos Care Home

My mum has been a resident since December 2021. She has settled in very well, which is down to the staff and the wonderful care and attention she is receiving. They are all worth their weight in gold and I would highly recommend this care home to anyone.

A loved one of a resident at our our Plas y Garn Care Home

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Residents are satisfied with the way we deal with their enquiries





Relatives and representatives agree their views are seen as important



2021 saw a focus on our care services, the delivery of our 5 year Care Strategy will see increased strength, presence and viability in 2022 and beyond.

Focus on colleagues

At the heart of our organisation are our 1,255 colleagues. Each colleague plays a vital role in providing services to our customers and are central to the delivery of our strategic priorities. Working in care, housing, support, or central services our professional colleagues make lives better for customers every day.

This section includes key information about our colleagues, our People Strategy and our Great Place to Work survey and results. In this section

About our colleagues

Our People Strategy

Great Place to Work survey





About our colleagues

2021 has continued to be challenging for our colleagues, in particular those in frontline roles. The beginning of 2021 was particularly difficult as the second wave of the pandemic hit.

The impact of the pandemic continues to be felt across the organisation with continued remote working, recruitment challenges, impacts on colleague well-being and higher than average absence rates.

As the year has progressed we have been successful in moving forward our People Strategy and have seen our response to Covid moving from a reactive to proactive position. We ended 2021 in a strong position relating to our colleagues with improvements in colleague turnover and retention and many colleague successes to celebrate.



1,255 colleagues



85% Female 15% Male



improvement of 1% on last year



82.2% retention, improvement of 2% on last year

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We are delighted in the improvements we have seen in colleague retention and reduction in labour turnover which demonstrates that more colleagues are staying with us.

Nia Court, Head of People





Our people strategy Enabling great days at work Enabling great days at work

Gender pay gap

rt 2021

aking Lives Better

Hafod

Making Lives Better

Our People Strategy

In 2019 we launched our People Strategy which was aligned to the achievement of our strategic priorities. There are four ambitions outlined below. Over the next few pages you will see how we have progressed against these ambitions in 2021.



Ambition one Talented people want to work and stay and everyone's contribution is valued

We create great days at work where...



Ambition two People working practices enable us to achieve our objectives



Want to know more?

Click here to read our Gender pay gap report 2021



Want to know more?

Click here to read more about our ambitions





Ambition four Skills are developed and ambitions are achieved



Ambition three Culture, leadership and behaviours enable a high performance culture



Great Place to Work (GPTW)

In 2021 we launched our GPTW survey to all colleagues with over 450 of our colleagues responding (36%). We were delighted that for our first survey we achieved 66% for our trust index which certified Hafod as a 'great place to work'. In addition, we made the Best Workplace for Women list due to the high trust index for our female workforce.

GPTW supplied us with considerable data relating to the survey and we have used this information to communicate the results to all colleagues via meetings and communications. Each leader and manager have also delivered the results to their teams and have put in place action plans to improve ways of working for colleagues.

The top scoring areas in the survey related to how colleagues are treated in relation to their sexual orientation, gender and race and we are pleased that over 90% of colleagues have rated Hafod positively in these areas. We are also delighted that colleagues have a sense of pride working for Hafod and do not see their role as 'just a job'.

96%

People here are treated fairly regardless of their sexual orientation

95%

People here are treated fairly regardless of their gender

92%

People here are treated fairly regardless of their race

91%

My work has special meaning: this is not 'just a job'

92%

When I look at what we accomplish, I feel a sense of pride

Want to know more?

Throughout the year we have been working with our colleagues to address their feedback from the survey You can read more here:



#GreatDaysatWork



Great Place To Work® Certified APR 2021-APR 2022 UK

In our first year of carrying out the survey we are delighted to be certified as a Great Place to Work and Great Place to Work for women. We have also learnt lots about what is working for our colleagues and what we need to work on to improve their experiences.

Karen Rosser, Corporate Director - People, Communications and IT

Governance

Our robust governance and risk management framework together with strong leadership helps us establish and maintain defined roles across the organisation.

We deliver and progress our strategic priorities, whilst ensuring we adhere with all relevant laws and regulatory requirements, through clear, effective leadership and informed decision-making.

In this section you can read about the overarching governance framework which includes risk, managment, vfm, etc.

In this section

Risk and risk management

Risks facing the Hendre Group

Disclosure of information to the Auditor

Independent Auditor's report Board, Committee and Executive information Value for Money





Risk and risk management

As part of our strategic planning process and risk management culture across the organisation a Risk Management Framework was developed in May 2019 and reviewed in September 2020. This document is designed to deliver a consistent framework for risk management across the Group as an integral part of decision making including forming part of our strategic planning process.

Risk management is applied at four levels:

Strategic

Risks identified and managed by the Hendre Board and Executive Board. These are risks that could de-stabilise the business or have a significant impact on our long-term strategic objectives.

Corporate

Risks from across the business that have collective oversight by the Executive Board and Senior Management team where the risks could impact operational plans, financial performance, project risks, or anything that could undermine business goals.

Operational

Risks identified in the business environment for each individual business unit/directorate where risks are managed locally.

Project

Risks identified as potential barriers to delivering projects against scope.

The overall risks and challenges facing the Hendre Group are assessed and monitored by the Board and Audit and Risk Committee on a regular basis using the risk management framework.

A key factor is having a comprehensive understanding of the business environment in which the Group operates and the key factors that will impact upon the Group's aim of sustaining long term financial viability that will enable it to continue to provide high quality services to current and new customers within a well governed organisation.

The Board has set its appetite for risk and will use this as a benchmark for making strategic decisions about current service provision or future growth.

Managing risk is essential in helping us achieve success in meeting our strategic objectives. We do not approach risk management as a mere compliance issue but more of an enabler for the organisation to grow and innovate with the confidence of expert oversight.

Our Audit and Risk Committee review our risk register at every meeting and work with the internal and external audit teams. They also take the opportunity for deep dives into specific risks, allowing interaction through all levels of our organisation - this enables a great temperature check in terms of risk ratings, controls and actions to provide even greater levels of assurance.

Neil Davies, **Chair of Audit and Risk Committee**

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Risks facing the Hendre Group

The Board has strengthened its governance arrangements and its regulatory status was returned to 'Standard' in December 2020. The Board has identified one of its strategic objectives to be first-class governance. It is important that we continue to build on the progress we have made. During the Covid-19 pandemic our Governance model adapted to ensure flexibility and agility in our decision making and risk management to enable business continuity.

The Board recognises that, in an uncertain economic environment, there are significant operational and financial risks and challenges that face the Group at present and into the foreseeable future, particularly given the diverse nature of the Group's operations. Some of these risks are known, identifiable and manageable and have been incorporated into the Group's strategic risk register.

'The Hendre Board has overall oversight of the organisation's strategic risks. The detail is delegated to our Audit and Risk Committee (ARC) who scrutinise the risks at every meeting and report back to the Board that risks are being managed and that there are appropriate mitigations and controls in place. The strategic risks are reviewed on a regular basis both individually and collectively by the Executive team prior to being scrutinised by Audit and Risk Committee.

The Covid-19 crisis has impacted our risks and operating environments and risk profile has been updated to reflect these changes. Emphasis in Hendre has moved from managing the pandemic to monitoring the resilience of our business and delivery of our strategic priorities.

In addition to this, an exercise was carried out with the Executive team and Hendre Board to review the English and Welsh sector risks, the risks highlighted by the insurance industry and finally looking at the world risks to inform our thinking. The 'wisdom' emerging is that a prudent but adaptive approach to corporate activity, supported by good governance, will be a major determinant in corporate survival post-Covid-19. On that accepted wisdom, the entire risk profile has been challenged.

The organisation works closely with our Internal Auditors RSM adopting a risk based approach to setting the internal audit programme and programme of deep dives to provide the Board with another level of assurance around our management of risk. This will be an ongoing process to ensure the organisation is on the front foot and we remain vigilant to the changes to our operating environment.

The Board sets clear financial performance objectives, for both the short and long term, for each operational area of the business. There is a well defined framework for key financial controls with a robust process of reporting and monitoring financial performance to the Board.

The Group's treasury management policy is the mechanism by which the Board outlines the type and amount of risk it is prepared to assume to deliver its strategy and run dayto-day operations. Its treasury management activities are defined as:

'The management of the organisation's investments and cash flows, its banking, money market, capital markets and derivative transactions, and its security portfolio; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.'

Furthermore, in December 2021, the Hendre Board approved a set of 'early warning indicators' that provides a clear view of the Gro are amb The dev met inte lowcon cov The Gro sch wer Lim of t par Car Ass sch to F

entil Torfa Full scho state



We introduced a new risk management software solution



Group's financial risk appetite and how they are utilised as a control in balancing strategic ambitions with continued financial resilience.

The Group continues to invest in new developments through a variety of delivery methods, including traditional grant funded, intermediate grant funded, section 106 and low-cost home ownership. This requires careful monitoring and management of our commitments to ensure external lenders' covenants are not breached.

The majority of colleagues employed by the Group are in defined contribution pension schemes with the exception of those who were transferred into Hafod Care Association Limited when it took over the management of the residential care homes in Torfaen. As part of the transfer of engagements of Hafod Care Association Limited to Hafod Housing Association Limited in 2019, the pension scheme assets and liabilities were transferred to Hafod Housing where colleagues are entitled to defined benefits offered by the Torfaen Local Government Pension Scheme. Full disclosure of the financial exposure to this scheme is included in notes to the financial statements.



Value for Money

Value for Money (VfM) is about delivering services in the most effective and efficient way aligned to our vision of 'improving health, well-being and prosperity in communities by helping to integrate the systems of housing, health, social care and support'.

For Hendre and its entities, value for money is about ensuring that every pound spent makes the best use of resources to deliver the maximum impact possible and that it does so in the pursuit of social objectives that benefit a range of stakeholders.

We see Welsh Government's Regulatory Framework, which states that housing associations must achieve value for money and make the best use of resources, as an opportunity as well regulatory obligation. With effective governance, management and accountability, we will embed value for money into every aspect of our operations to enable us to address emerging housing, support and social care needs to meet the challenges for 2022 and beyond.

In 2020 our Board agreed our new VfM strategy. Within our strategy we have identified objectives in four key areas:



To maximise value from our Group structure

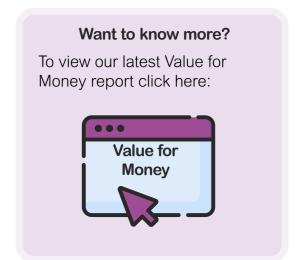


To obtain VfM through effective procurement





To understand value to enable us to optimise efficiencies and use resources effectively





Legal status and rules

Hendre Limited is a 'not for profit' organisation administered by the Board and is registered as a charitable housing association (No. 29386R) under the Co-operative and Community Benefits Societies Act 2014 and is registered with the Welsh Government (No. L132).

The Registered Office of the Association is St Hilary Court, Copthorne Way, Culverhouse Cross, Cardiff, CF5 6ES.

Hendre Limited has a thirty per cent equity investment in the Welsh Housing Partnership and WHP2.

Hendre Limited and its subsidiaries are members of Community Housing Cymru.

Structure of group

Hendre Limited is the parent organisation of the Hendre Group. At the year end the Group comprised Hendre Limited (the 'parent'), Hafod Housing Association Limited, Hafod Resources Limited, Foundation Housing Tai Sylfaen (the 'subsidiaries') and Yellow Wales, a subsidiary of Hafod Housing Association Limited.

'Hafod Housing Association Ltd (registered number IP18766R) is registered under the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is registered as a registered social landlord with the Welsh Government.

Hafod Resources Limited is registered under the Companies Act. Hendre Limited is the sole shareholder in Hafod Resources Limited.

Foundation Housing Tai Sylfaen is a nonregistered social landlord, registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

Yellow Wales is a registered charity and a company limited by guarantee.

All members of the Group are 'not for profit' organisations with the exception of Hafod Resources Limited. The subsidiaries, with the exception of Hafod Resources Limited, are registered under charitable rules and consequently their activities will be exempt from corporation tax under current legislation.

Hendre Limited's subsidiaries are administered by separate Boards. Hendre Limited exercises its parental control over its subsidiaries by having the ability to appoint, at any time, the majority of Members onto each of the Boards of its subsidiaries. Hendre Limited, as sole shareholder, appoints all Members to the Board of Hafod Resources Limited.

Shareholders

Membership will be restricted to people who will have a long-term interest in the well-being of Hendre Limited and the Group and are likely to be able to make some significant contribution to its work. People admitted to membership will be those who are likely to be candidates for election to the Board and who can make a substantial contribution to the long-term well-being of Hendre Limited and the Group. Membership will, therefore, be restricted to a relatively small group, having a 'stewardship' role.

No individuals or organisations will be admitted into membership under circumstances in which an individual might derive personal gain, financially or otherwise.

All applicants to become a shareholder of Hendre's subsidiaries are subject to approval of the Hendre Limited Board.

Board, Committee and Executive

The current members of the Hendre Board are as follows:

Chair	Jonathan Morgan	
Vice Chair	Dawn Jones*	
Other mem	oers	
Teresa Begg Mike Jones	s Neil Davies* David Michael	Tina Dor David W
Company S	ecretary Mrs T H	ealey

There have been the following changes to Board Membership since the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 were approved at the Board meeting held on 24 May 2021:

Mr S Vedi Resigned October 2021

Resigned June 2021 Dr E Havwood

*Board members who are Chairs of Group Committees are indicated with an asterisk against their name.

Hendre Limited has established the following Group-wide committees:

- Audit and Risk Committee, this Committee has two independent Members (Mr R Alexander and Mr M Veale
- Remuneration and Appointments Committee
- Schedule 1 Committee
- Pension Committee

The Executive team comprises the following senior executives:

Group Chief Executive

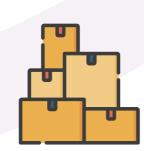
Corporate Director - Assurance, Governance and Business Change/Company Secretary Tracey Healey **Corporate Director - Finance, Investments and Development** Simon Mellor (from April 2021) **Corporate Director - People, Communications and IT** Karen Rosser **Operations Director - Care** Sherri Sargent (from Sept 2021) Jamie Smith **Director of Research and Innovation Corporate Director Homes and Communities** Elke Winton Interim Responsible Individual Jackie Whiller (from Sept 2021)

Our landlord compliance (December 2021)



Gas safety

99.96% compliance



LOLER

86.2% compliance



onnelly Katherine Howells* Varrender

Jas Bains

Electric

99.98% compliance



During the year the following senior executives were also employed by the Group:

Deputy Chief Executive
Operations Director
Asset Management and Property
Interim Responsible Individual

David Hayhoe (to December 2021) Luke Mitchell (to September 2021) Catrin Fletcher (to November 2021)

The senior executives hold no interest in the shares of Hendre Limited or its subsidiaries. Under the Regulation and Inspection of Social Care (Wales) Act 2016 (the "Act"), Hafod Housing Association Limited must appoint a Responsible Individual ("RI") in relation to its regulated services. In order to meet the Act Jackie Whiller was appointed as the interim Responsible Individual in November 2021 and is co-opted on to the Hafod Housing Board.

Current obligations of Board members to the Board and to Hendre Limited

The Board has ultimate responsibility for the governance of Hendre and ultimate control over all aspects of its work to ensure its financial, legal and service obligations are properly fulfilled.

The Board is responsible for setting strategy and directing Hendre's affairs, ensuring its long-term success. Day to day leadership and management is delegated to the Chief Executive and through the Executive team.

The core responsibilities of the Board, as set out in the Board members role description, and terms of reference, are as follows:

- to set and oversee the long term strategic direction for the organisation
- to contribute to, and share responsibility for, Board decisions; including the duty to exercise all reasonable care, skill and independent judgement
- to set the risk appetite and monitor risk
- to ensure an effective business plan and budget is in place and that the business remains financially viable
- to ensure that performance is monitored against targets and managed through internal controls and delegation
- to approve key policies and take decisions about matters reserved to the Board
- to ensure that the Board fulfils its duties and responsibilities for the proper governance of the organisation including compliance

All Board and Committee members must, within one month of appointment, sign and deliver to the Board a statement confirming that they will meet their obligations to the Board and to Hendre Limited.

Our landlord compliance (December 2021)

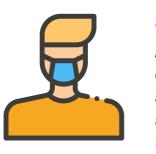
100% compliance

Fire



Legionella

100% compliance 26



The Board must be competent in the wider sense to carry out its defined role. Competence in this wide sense goes beyond particular skills. It includes the ability to understand the impact of the Group's work on local communities and those it seeks to serve. It requires a high level of commitment and cohesion in pursuit of shared goals. We have a robust Governance Framework in place that includes:

The performance reviews are carried out annually and are designed to assess the skills, experience and competencies of members individually and collectively against business requirements. The emphasis for the individual performance review is the assessment of each member's contribution to Board effectiveness and any personal development needs. This is done via a form completed by each Board member and then a discussion with the Chair, Vice Chair or Chair of the relevant committee.

The outcome of the performance review process is the development of collective and personal development plans and a succession statement and plan for the forthcoming year.

Skills, qualities and experience required by the Board from its members

- Statement of preferred composition
- Membership policy
- Role profiles for Board and Committee Members
- Strengthened the Board and Audit and Risk Committee with new members
- Board charter
 - Succession plan
- Annual performance reviews

Asbestos

Asbestos management plans in place to ensure risk management and compliance is adhered to throughout our housing and care assets, in line with the Control of Asbestos Regulation 2002.

Statement of responsibilities of the Board in respect of the Board's strategic report and the financial statements

The Board is responsible for preparing the Board's strategic report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The law requires the Board to prepare Group and parent Association financial statements for each financial year. Under those regulations the Board has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the parent Association and of the surplus or deficit for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Board is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and the parent Association and enable them to ensure that their financial statements comply with the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Requirements for Registered Social Landlords General Determination (Wales) 2015.

The Board has general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The Board is also responsible for ensuring the integrity of the corporate and financial information included on our website.

Housing Association governance – reporting on internal controls

The Welsh Government requires Registered Social Landlords (RSLs) to report on internal controls (Welsh Government Circular RSL 02/10). These requirements have been adapted to suit RSLs. The Group has adopted the Community Housing Cymru code of governance.

We believe that good governance is essential to the success and sustainability of our business. The Governance Framework has been published to aid board's decision-making process and its responsibility at Hendre Group. It gives access to key governance documents with the aim of strengthening our governance and increasing our governance literacy.

The documents have been written using best practice and will provide us with the framework to meet the organisation's regulatory and legal obligations.

The Board is ultimately responsible for the Group's system of internal control which is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of the assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records and the reliability of financial information.

The following mechanisms have been put in place, which are designed to provide effective internal financial control:

- Clearly defined management and reporting structures:
- Careful recruitment and effective financial training programmes;
- Board Assurance Framework:

Modern slavery statement

Our Board are committed to ensuring that we comply with our legal and regulatory responsibilities, including the Modern Slavery Act 2015. Click to view our modern slavery statement.



- Regulations and procedures manuals for colleagues;
- Management information and accounting systems with quarterly reporting of financial results and other performance indicators;
 - Rolling five and thirty year strategic business plan forecasts: and
- Monitoring of the control systems by the Audit and Risk Committee.
- The Audit and Risk Committee has a wide remit to monitor all aspects of risk and assurance management, audit, internal control, whistleblowing, fraud, money laundering and bribery prevention.

Subsequent events

- The Group complies with best practice on the prevention of fraud. In particular, it has a clear counter fraud policy and strategy in place. The strategy covers the prevention, detection and reporting of fraud and the recovery of assets. There have been no cases of fraud reported during the year.
- RSM was appointed as the Group's internal auditor in 2019. Its reports are presented for scrutiny at the Audit and Risk Committee and then ratified at the Hendre Board. The annual internal audit programme is determined in annual workshops held with Hendre Board, Audit and Risk Committee, Executive Team and RSM.
- There have been no events subsequent to the date of the Group's financial position that have had a material effect on the results of the Group as reported in these financial statements.



Disclosure of information to the Auditor

The Board members who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditor is unaware; and each Board member has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Board member to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish the Group's auditor is aware of such information.

Annual general meeting

The annual general meeting will be held on 20 June 2022.

Auditor

The auditor, Mazars LLP, is willing to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

The report of the Board was approved on 23 May 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

donatha Marza Jonathan Morgan

Chair of Board

Independent auditor's report to the members of Hendre Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hendre Limited (the 'parent association') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Group and Hendre Limited's Statements of Comprehensive Income, the Group and Hendre Limited's Statements of Financial Position, the Group and Hendre Limited's Statements of Cash Flows and the Group and Hendre Limited's Statements of Changes in Reserves and notes to the financial statements. including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"](United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent association's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of the group's and Hendre Limited's surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Requirements for Registered Social Landlords General Determination (Wales) 2015.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group and Hendre Limited in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

concluded that the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate. Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and Hendre Limited's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.



Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Report and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board members are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

We have reviewed the Board's statement on Hendre Limited's compliance with the Welsh Government circular RSL 02/10 'Internal controls and reporting'. We are not required to express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hendre Limited's system of internal control.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Welsh Government circular RSL 02/10 'Internal controls and reporting'

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, with respect to the Board's statement on internal control:

- the Board has provided the disclosures required by the Welsh Government circular RSL 02/10 'Internal controls and reporting'; and
- the statement is not inconsistent with the information of which we are aware from our audit work on the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the parent association has not kept proper books of account; or
- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Board

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Board's responsibilities set out on page 26, the Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the group's and Hendre Limited's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intends to liquidate the group or Hendre Limited or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

Based on our understanding of the company and its industry, we considered that noncompliance with the following laws and We that the pen Co-(Gro and Ger In a mar for f stat ove prin entr mar ass in p

regulations might have a material effect on the financial statements: employment regulation, health and safety regulation, anti-money laundering regulation, non-compliance with implementation of government support schemes relating to COVID-19.

To help us identify instances of non-compliance with these laws and regulations, and in identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect to non-compliance, our procedures included, but were not limited to:

 Inquiring of management and, where appropriate, those charged with governance, as to whether the company is in compliance with laws and regulations, and discussing their policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations;

Inspecting correspondence, if any, with relevant licensing or regulatory authorities;

Communicating identified laws and regulations to the engagement team and remaining alert to any indications of noncompliance throughout our audit; and

Considering the risk of acts by the company which were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the preparation of the financial statements, such as tax legislation, pension legislation, the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Requirements for Registered Social Landlords General Determination (Wales) 2015.

In addition, we evaluated the directors' and management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements, including the risk of management override of controls, and determined that the principal risks related to posting manual journal entries to manipulate financial performance, management bias through judgements and assumptions in significant accounting estimates, in particular in relation to revenue recognition (which we pinpointed to cut off), and significant one-off or unusual transactions.

Our audit procedures in relation to fraud included but were not limited to:

- Making enquiries of the Board and management on whether they had knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Gaining an understanding of the internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud;
- Discussing amongst the engagement team the risks of fraud; and
- Addressing the risks of fraud through management override of controls by performing journal entry testing.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of irregularities including fraud rests with management. As with any audit, there remained a risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to Hendre Limited's members as a body in accordance with Part 7 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and Chapter 4 of Part 2 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to Hendre Limited's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Hendre Limited and Hendre Limited's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mazos (f

Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 1st Floor 2 Chamberlain Square Birmingham B3 2AX Date





This section includes our financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 and supporting notes, which detail the financial performance of the various operational activities of the Group.

You can view our income and reserves, financial position, cash flows and financial statements.



Group statement of comprehensive income Year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Turnover	3	63,821	62,278
Operating expenditure	3	(55,766)	(53,462)
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5	397	123
Share of surplus/(deficit) in joint ventures	21	76	(18)
Operating surplus	3	8,528	8,921
Fair value movement on investment properties	18	(40)	-
Interest receivable	6	25	55
Interest and financing costs	7	(5,696)	(5,627)
Other finance cost	38	(10)	(7)
Surplus before tax	3	2,807	3,342
Taxation	12	-	(2)
Surplus for the year		2,807	3,340
Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pension scheme	39	1,474	(383)
Total comprehensive income for the year		4,281	2,957

Group statement of changes to reserves As at 31 December 2021

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
At beginning of year	73,438	70,481
Surplus for the year	2,807	3,340
Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pension scheme	1,474	(383)
At end of year	77,719	73,438

Hendre Limited statement of comprehensive income Year ended 31 December 2021

Turnover	
Operating expenditure	
Operating surplus	
Fair value movement on investment properties	
Interest receivable	
Interest and financing costs	
Surplus before tax	
Taxation	
Surplus for the year	

Hendre Limited statement of changes to reserves As at 31 December 2021

At beginning of year Surplus for the year At end of year

Note	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
3	625	584
3	(580)	(577)
3	45	7
18	(40)	-
6	-	-
7	-	-
3	5	7
12	-	-
	5	7

3,609	3,604
5	7
3,604	3,597
£'000	£'000
2021	2020

Group statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021	2020	
		£'000	£'000	
Fixed assets				
Housing properties	14	361,443	354,279	
Intangible assets	16	367	330	
Other property, plant and equipment	17	2,741	2,959	
Investment property	18	957	997	
Homebuy loans	19	10,731	10,915	
Investment in MORhomes plc	20	62	62	
Investment in joint ventures	21	13,470	12,419	
		389,771	381,961	
Current assets				
Inventories	22	211	82	
Deferred taxation	13	211	02	
	23	- 7,907	- 8,109	
Debtors due after one year	23 24	4,297		
Debtors due within one year	24 25		4,256	
Treasury deposits		29,042	20,075	
Cash at bank and in hand	25	467	520	
		41,924	33,042	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	26	(18,648)	(17,165)	
Net current assets		23,276	15,877	
Total assets less current liabilities		413,047	397,838	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	27	(336,017)	(323,655)	
Defined benefit pension asset/(liability)	39	689	(745)	
Net assets		77,719	73,438	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	32	-	-	
Revenue reserves		77,719	73,438	
Group funds		77,719	73,438	

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 23 May 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

donation Marza

Sam & Jones

Chair

Board Member



Secretary

Hendre Limited statement of financial position As at 31 December 2021

Fixed assets
Housing properties
Intangible assets
Other property, plant and equipment
Investment property
Investment in MORhomes plc
Investment in joint venture
Current assets
Debtors due within one year
Cash at bank and in hand
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year
Net current assets
Total assets less current liabilities
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year
Net assets
Capital and reserves
Called up share capital
Revenue reserves
Association's funds
The financial statements were approved by the Board on

Jonatha Marza

Sam & Jones

Chair

Board Member

Note	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
14	4,637	
14	4,037	50
17	1,805	2,000
18	957	997
20	62	62
21	16,505	15,530
	23,993	18,639
24	436	931
25	2	4
	438	935
26	(190)	(279)
	248	656
	24,241	19,295
27	(20,632)	(15,691)
	3,609	3,604
	_	-
	3,609	3,604
	3,609	3,604
	0,000	0,004

23 May 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Secretary

Group statement of cash flows Year ended 31 December 2021

Note	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Net cash generated from operating activities a	14,737	16,311
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(13,010)	(15,283)
Homebuy loans	(564)	(1,890)
Investment in MORhomes plc	-	-
Investment in joint venture	(975)	(900)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	1,643	916
Grants received	15,696	7,553
Interest received	25	55
Net cash flows from investing activities	2,815	(9,549)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Interest paid	(5,726)	(5,673)
New loans	-	2,898
Repayments of borrowings	(2,912)	(1,782)
Net cash flows from financing activities	(8,638)	(4,557)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	8,914	2,205
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	20,595	18,390
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year b	29,509	20,595

Notes to the Group statement of cash flows Year ended 31 December 2021

a) Net cash generated from operating activities

Surplus for the year
Adjustment for non-cash items:
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment
Impairment of properties
Fair value movement on investment properties
(Increase)/decrease in inventories
(Increase)/decrease in debtors
Increase/(decrease) in creditors
Pension costs less contributions payable
Carrying amount of property, plant & equipment dispo
Share of (surplus)/deficit in joint ventures
Adjustments for investing or financing activities:
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipme
Government grants utilised in the year
Interest payable
Interest received
Net cash generated from operating activities

b) Cash and cash equivalents

Treasury deposits Cash at bank and in hand

c) Free cash flow

Net cash generated from operating activities Interest paid Interest received Component replacements Purchase of other replacement fixed assets Free cash generated before loan repayments Loans repaid (excluding revolving credit and overdrafts)

Free cash generated after loan repayments

2021 £'000	2020 £'000
2,807	3,342
7,430	7,196
330	43
40	-
(129)	1,337
(41)	1,062
1,268	(89)
40	30
1,246	793
(76)	18
(1,643)	(916)
(2,206)	(2,077)
5,696	5,627
(25)	(55)
14,737	16,311
2021	2020
2021 £'000	2020 £'000
£'000	£'000
£'000 29,042	£'000 20,075
£'000 29,042 467	£'000 20,075 520
£'000 29,042 467	£'000 20,075 520
£'000 29,042 467 29,509	£'000 20,075 520 20,595
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£'000 29,042 467 29,509 2021 £'000 14,737 (5,726) 25 (2,990) (139)	£'000 20,075 520 20,595 2020 £'000 16,311 (5,673) 55 (1,246) (331)
£'000 29,042 467 29,509 2021 £'000 14,737 (5,726) 25 (2,990) (139) 5,907	£'000 20,075 520 20,595 2020 £'000 16,311 (5,673) (1,246) (331) 9,116
£'000 29,042 467 29,509 2021 £'000 14,737 (5,726) 25 (2,990) (139)	£'000 20,075 520 20,595 2020 £'000 16,311 (5,673) 55 (1,246) (331)

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Notes to the Group statement of cash flows Year ended 31 December 2021

d) Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Increase in cash in the year	8,914	2,205
Cash outflow/(inflow) from changes in debt	2,912	(1,116)
Movement in net debt in the year	11,826	1,089
Net debt at 1 January	(117,044)	(118,133)
Net debt at 31 December	(105,218)	(117,044)

e) Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 January 2021	Cash flows	At 31 December 2021	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Cash and cash equivalents	20,595	8,914	29,509	
Housing loans	(137,639)	2,912	(134,727)	
Net debt	(117,044)	11,826	(105,218)	

Hendre Limited statement of cash flows Year ended 31 December 2021

No	ote	2021	2020	
		£'000	£'000	
Net cash generated from operating activities a	a	469	121	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(5,414)	(27)	
Investment in MORhomes plc		-	-	
Investment in joint venture		(975)	(900)	
		. ,	(300)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		82	-	
Grants received		5,327	1,328	
Net cash flows from investing activities		(980)	401	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Inter-company loan		-	-	
Inter-company debtors and creditors		509	(523)	
Net cash flows from financing activities		509	(523)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2)	(1)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		4	5	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year k		2	4	

Notes to the Hendre Limited statement of cash flows Year ended 31 December 2021

a) Net cash generated from operating activities

Surplus for the year				
Adjustment for non-cash items:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment				
Fair value movement on investment properties				
Increase in debtors				
Decrease in creditors				
Carrying amount of property, plant & equipment disposals				
Adjustments for investing or financing activities:				
Proceeds from the sale of pro <mark>perty, plant and</mark> equipment				
Government grants utilised in the year				
Interest payable				
Interest received				
Net cash generated from operating activities				
b) Cash and cash equivalents				

Cash at bank and in hand

c) Free cash flow

Net cash generated from operating activities Purchase of other replacement fixed assets Free cash generated before loan repayments Loans repaid (excluding revolving credit and overdrafts) Free cash generated after loan repayments

d) Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net d

Decrease in cash in the year Cash (inflow)/outflow from changes in debt Movement in net debt in the year Net debt at 1 January Net debt at 31 December

e) Analysis of changes in net debt

Cash and cash equivalents Inter-company debtors and creditors Net debt

		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
		~ 000	~ 000
		5	7
		913	189
		40	-
		(13)	(15)
			(15)
		(131)	(60)
S		82	-
		(82)	-
		(345)	_
		(010)	_
		-	-
		469	121
		409	121
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
		2	4
		2	4
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
		469	121
		(14)	(27)
		455	94
		-	-
		455	94
t debt			
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
		(2)	(1)
		(509)	523
		(511)	522
		(4,140)	(4,662)
		(4,651)	(4,140)
At 1	Occh	At 31	
January	Cash	December	
2021	flows	2021	
£'000	£'000	£'000	
4	(2)	2	
- (4,144)	(509)	(4,653)	
(+, +++)	(503)	(4,053)	

(4,140)

(511)

(4,651)

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

1 Principal accounting policies

a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (March 2018) (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council and comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered social housing providers 2018 (SORP), the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Requirements for Registered Social Landlords General Determination (Wales) 2015. The Group is a public benefit entity, as defined in FRS 102 and applies the relevant paragraphs prefixed 'PBE' in FRS 102.

b) Going concern

In preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis the directors have had regard to the budgets, business plans, liquidity position and financial forecasts for the Group. The Board has reviewed and approved a number of stress tests to the business plan in light of the COVID-19 pandemic together with assessment of plans to mitigate any impacts arising. Following this review the Directors consider it appropriate to draw up the financial statements on the going concern basis.

c) Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of Hendre Limited and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 December each year. Business combinations which are considered to be acquisitions are accounted for under the purchase method. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by the Group. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Combinations carried out at nil consideration are accounted for so that any excess of fair value of the assets received over the fair value of the liabilities assumed is recognised as income within the statement of comprehensive income. In accordance with Section 35 of FRS 102, Section 19 of FRS 102 has not been applied in these financial statements in respect of business combinations effected prior to the date of transition.

d) Other accounting policies

The accounting policies applied in preparing these financial statements are set out in the notes that follow.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

2 Significant management judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

The following are management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Association that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Classification of financial instruments between basic and other Financial instruments are classified as either basic or other, with differing accounting treatments depending on the classification. Section 11 of FRS 102, 'Basic Financial Instruments', sets out the requirements for the recognition, measurement and derecognition of basic financial instruments. This section sets out the conditions that must be met in order to classify a financial instrument as basic and therefore account for it in accordance with Section 11. The Association has considered this guidance and concluded that FRS 102's requirements are most appropriately interpreted to classify all financial instruments held by the Association as basic.

Development expenditure

The Group capitalises development expenditure in accordance with the accounting policy described on page 42. Distinguishing the point at which a project is more likely than not to continue, allowing capitalisation of associated development costs, requires judgement. Initial capitalisation of costs is based on management's judgement that the development scheme is confirmed and, in determining whether a project is likely to cease, management monitors the development and considers if changes have occurred that result in impairment.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty applied in preparing these financial statements include the following:

- i) Investment properties are measured at fair value bi-annually with any change recognised in surplus in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. A formal external valuation was carried out at 31 December 2021 and was prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation - Global Standards 2017. (see note 18)
- ii) The Group has obligations to pay pension benefits to certain employees. The cost of these benefits and the present value of the obligation depend on a number of factors, including life expectancy, salary increases and the discount rate on corporate bonds. Management estimates these factors in determining the net pension obligation in the balance sheet. Variations in these assumptions could significantly impact the liability. The assumptions selected and associated sensitivity analysis are disclosed in note 39.
- iii) Where land is acquired at below market value from a government source, this is accounted for as a nonmonetary government grant. The land is recognised at fair value, taking account of any restrictions on the use of the land. The difference between the fair value of the land acquired and the consideration paid is recognised as a government grant and included as a liability. A valuation technique is used which incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price. This is a judgemental exercise involving the selection of a method, formulae and assumptions.

3 Turnover, operating surplus and surplus before taxation Group

Group	Turnover £'000	Operating costs £'000	Operating surplus / (deficit) £'000	2021 Surplus / (deficit) before taxation £'000	2020 Surplus / (deficit) before taxation £'000
Social housing lettings:					
General needs housing	28,047	22,863	5,184	5,184	6,323
Shared ownership	251	73	178	178	272
Supported housing	9,043	7,177	1,866	1,866	1,983
Other social housing activities:					
Private sector leasing	1,086	1,298	(212)	(212)	(7)
First tranche sales	1,878	1,343	535	535	481
Residential care homes	8,617	7,889	728	728	281
Non social housing activities:					
Nursing care homes	11,665	11,729	(64)	(64)	(302)
Homecare	2,879	2,846	33	33	(252)
	63,466	55,218	8,248	8,248	8,779
Other income and expenditure	355	548	(193)	(193)	37
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	397	123
Share of surplus/(deficit) in joint venture	-	-		76	(18)
	63,821	55,766	8,055	8,528	8,921
Fair value movement on investment properties	-	-	-	(40)	_
Interest receivable				25	55
Interest and financing costs				(5,696)	(5,627)
Other finance cost				(10)	(7)
Surplus before tax				2,807	3,342

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

3 Turnover, operating surplus and surplus before taxation (continued) Hendre Limited

Hendre Limited					2021 Surplus /	2020 Surplus /
				Operating	(deficit)	(deficit)
			Operating	surplus /	before	before
		Turnover	costs	(deficit)	taxation	taxation
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Social housing lettings:						
Supported housing		41	-	41	41	
		41	-	41	41	-
Other income and expenditure		584	580	4	4	7
		625	580	45	45	7
Fair value movement on investment pro	perties				(40)	-
Interest receivable					-	-
Interest and financing costs					-	-
Surplus before tax					5	7
Turnover comprises:						
- Rent, fees and service charge income receivable in the year from tenants, residents and leaseholders;						
- Income from other goods and service		-			,	

- Income from homeless leasing schemes;

- Revenue grants, including amortisation of government grants; and

- COVID-19 grant income received from the Welsh Government and Local Health Boards (this does not include any grant received where the Group has acted as an agent); and

- Income from sale of housing property stock.

Traditional property sales which include home buy, shared ownership and general needs are included within surplus or deficit on the sale of fixed assets. The proceeds from the first tranche sale of low cost home ownership properties are included within turnover. Subsequent tranche sales are included within the surplus or deficit on the sale of fixed assets.



4 Particulars of income and expenditure

Group	Socia	l housing le	ttings	Other socia	al housing a	ctivities		al housing vities		
	General			Private	First R	esidential	Nursing			
	needs	Shared	Supported	sector	tranche	care	care		2021	2020
	housing	ownership	housing	leasing	sales	homes	homes	Homecare	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Turnover										
Rents, fees and other charges	24,935	221	4,891	1,061	-	7,666	10,408	2,754	51,936	51,792
Service charges	1,246	30	1,404	24	-	-	-	-	2,704	2,547
Revenue grants	-	-	2,406	-	-	-	-	-	2,406	2,236
Amortised government grant	1,866	-	339	1	-	-	-	-	2,206	2,077
COVID-19 grants	-	-	3	-	-	951	1,257	125	2,336	1,563
Sale proceeds	-	-		-	1,878	-	-	-	1,878	1,826
	28,047	251	9,043	1,086	1,878	8,617	11,665	2,879	63,466	62,041
Operating costs										
Management and service costs	10,479	67	5,219	924	-	7,149	10,610	2,846	37,294	38,353
Maintenance	7,302	7	1,094	258	-	507	699	-	9,867	6,859
Bad debts	(130)	(1)	1	63	-	(17)	(11)	-	(95)	148
Deficit on replacement of property component	328	-	21	15	-	84	7	-	455	407
Depreciation of properties	4,884	-	842	38	-	166	424	-	6,354	6,150
Cost of sales	-	-	-	-	1,343	-	-	-	1,343	1,345
	22,863	73	7,177	1,298	1,343	7,889	11,729	2,846	55,218	53,262
Operating surplus / (deficit)	5,184	178	1,866	(212)	535	728	(64)	33	8,248	8,779
Rent loss from voids (memorandum note)	114	-	236	10	-	1,451	1,811	-	3,622	2,414

Surplus on first tranche sales comprises of eleven sales (2020: nine).

Deficit on replacement on components includes an £84k provision for the disposal of St Isan Care Home, a 41 bed residential care home in Cardiff which was closed in March 2022.

4 Particulars of income and expenditure Hendre Limited

Hendre Limited	Social housing lettings				
	General needs housing £'000	Shared ownership £'000	Supported housing £'000	2021 Total £'000	2020 Total £'000
Turnover (amortised government grant)	-	-	41	41	<u> </u>
Operating costs	-	-	41 	41 	
Operating surplus	-		- 41	- 41	·
Rent loss from voids (memorandum note)	-	-	-	-	

5 Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment

	Group		Hendre Limited	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Sale proceeds	1,643	916	82	-
Cost of sales	(1,246)	(793)	(82)	
	397	123	-	

Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment comprises of 23 (2020: 9) traditional staircasing sales and disposals resulting in a surplus of £397k (2020: £123k).

6 Interest receivable

	Group		Hendre	e Limited
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank interest receivable	25	55	-	
7 Interest and financing costs				
	Group		Hendre	e Limited
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans	5,696	5,627	-	<u> </u>

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs are calculated using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of a financial instrument and is determined on the basis of the carrying amount of the financial liability at initial recognition. Under the effective interest method, the amortised cost of a financial liability is the present value of future cash payments discounted at the effective interest rate and the interest expense in a period equals the carrying amount of the financial liability at the beginning of a period multiplied by the effective interest rate for the period.

The Group does not capitalise any interest costs associated with its development activity.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

8 Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation

o Surplus on ordinary activities before t	anation	Group		Hendre Limited	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation					
is stated after charging/(crediting):					
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		6,999	6,749	224	149
Amortised government grant		(2,206)	(2,077)	-	-
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equip	ment	(397)	(123)	-	-
Audit fees:					
- Statutory audit		44	42	4	4
- Audit related assurance services		7	6	3	2
Operating lease rentals		2,112	1,831	-	
0. Unite in menonement					
9 Units in management					
Group	2020				2021
	2020 Number	Adjustments	Additions	Disposals	Number
	Number				Number
General needs	4,431	14	78	(1)	4,522
Shared ownership	100	(1)	-	(2)	97
Supported housing	526	(4)	-	-	522
Private sector leasing and lettings	127	-	1	-	128
Residential care homes	235	-	-	-	235
Nursing care homes (non-social lettings)	239	-	-	-	239
Homebuy	352	-	12	(19)	345
Leaseholders	208	(12)	-		196
	6,218	(3)	91	(22)	6,284
Hendre Limited					
	2020	Adjustments	Additions	Disposals	2021
	Number				Number
Supported housing	_	_	37	_	37
			37		37
-					

In addition to bed spaces and units in management the Group also provides floating support, tenant support and homecare services to 1076 (2020: 787) clients.

10 Employee information

The average number of staff employed during the year was as follows:

	Gro	oup	Hendre Limited		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	Number	Number	Number	Number	
The average number of staff employed during the year was as follows:	1,296	1,373	-	-	
The total number of staff employed at the end of the year was:	1,285	1,372	-	-	
The total costs for the staff employed was as follows:					
	Gro	oup	Hendre	Limited	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Wages and salaries	23,917	24,862	-		
Social security costs	1,949	1,897	-	-	
Pension costs	1,048	1,048	-	-	
	26,914	27,807	-	-	

Included in the wages and salaries reported above is an accrual for all outstanding benefits to which employees (including senior executives) have become entitled to at the year end as a result of their service, including holiday pay, garden leave and long service benefits. The total accrued as at 31 December 2021 was £505,703 (2020: £572,794). Senior executives do not have any entitlement to enhanced benefits.

The charge for pension represents contributions paid by the Group to the pension schemes. Outstanding amounts payable to the schemes at the year end were £152,248 (2020: £170,126).

11 Members' and key management personnel emoluments

For the purpose of this note, members and key management personnel refer to the senior executives contracted and employed by the Hendre Group as outlined on page 25.

The Group's Senior Executives are ordinary members of the Group's defined contribution pension scheme. No enhanced or special terms apply to their membership and the Group makes no contribution to any individual pension arrangement in respect of their employment.

Emoluments, including benefits in kind, payable to key management personnel of the Group were as follows:

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Emoluments	772	953
Pension contributions	76	99
Total emoluments	848	1,052
Emoluments payable to the Group Chief Executive Officer:		

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Emoluments	142	141
Pension contributions	15	15
Total emoluments	157	156

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

11 Members' and key management personnel emoluments (continued) The number of Senior Executives who received emoluments (excluding pension contributions) were in the following ranges:

£10,001 - £20,000
£20,001 - £30,000
£30,001 - £40,000
£40,001 - £50,000
£50,001 - £60,000
£60,001 - £70,000
£70,001 - £80,000
£80,001 - £90,000
£90,001 - £100,000
£100,001 - £110,000
£110,001 - £120,000
£120,001 - £130,000
£130,001 - £140,000
£140,001 - £150,000

2021	2020
Number	Number
-	-
1	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
1 3	- 2 2
3	2
1	2
-	-
1	1
-	-
1	- 2
-	1
1	1

11 Members' and key management personnel emoluments (continued) Board and Committee Members of the Hendre Group are remunerated under a deed of services agreement, in accordance with guidance issued by Community Housing Cymru.

The aggregate emoluments paid or receivable by Members were £88,535 (2020: £106,567):

Name	£	Hendre Board	Housing Board	Audit and Risk Committee	Committee	Schedule 1 committee	Pension committee	Governance sub-group
Mr J Morgan (Chair)	14,000	\checkmark	\checkmark		~			√
Mrs D Jones	11,000	\checkmark	~		~			
Mrs K Howells	11,000	\checkmark	~		~	\checkmark		
Mr N Davies	11,000	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓	
Mrs T Beggs	8,000	\checkmark	~	\checkmark			✓	
Mr M Jones	8,000	\checkmark	~					
Mr D Michael	8,000	\checkmark	~	\checkmark			\checkmark	✓
Mrs T Donnelly	8,000	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓		1		\checkmark
Mr D Warrender	8,000	\checkmark	~					
Ms H Northmore	8,000	\checkmark						
Mr C Breeze	8,000	\checkmark						
Mr M Bin-Sufyan	8,000	1						
Mr H Russell	8,000	\checkmark						
Mr M Veale	2,500			~				
Mr R Alexander	2,500			\checkmark				
Mr C Fitzek	2,500				~			
Mr W Lewis	2,500				~			

Expenses paid during the year to Board and Committee Members amounted to nil (2020: £83).

12 Taxation

Hendre Limited is registered for VAT. All the subsidiaries, except Yellow Wales, are VAT registered but a large proportion of their income is exempt for VAT purposes and this therefore gives rise to a partial exemption calculation. Expenditure is therefore shown inclusive of VAT, and the input VAT recovered is included in income.

The surpluses of Hendre Limited and the subsidiaries are exempt from taxation as they are accepted as charities for tax purposes with the exception of Hafod Resources Limited whose profits are subject to corporation tax.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

12 Taxation (continued)

Surplus on ordinary activities before tax

Surplus on ordinary activities multiplied by the effective rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%)

Effects of:

Surpluses from tax exempt income

- Fixed asset differences
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes
- Income not taxable for tax purposes
- Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods
- Adjust closing deferred tax to average rate of 19%
- Adjust opening deferred tax to average rate of 19%
- Deferred tax not recognised

Tax charge for the year

13 Deferred taxation asset

At beginning of year Statement of comprehensive income At end of year

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax relating to investment property is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to sale of the asset.

Gre	oup	Hendre Limited			
2021	2020	2021	2020		
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		
2,807	3,342	5	7		
533	638	1	1		
(533)	(639)	(1)	(1)		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	3	-	-		
-	2	-	-		

Gro	oup	Hendre	Limited
2021	2020	2021	2020
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
-	2	-	-
-	(2)	-	-
-	-	-	-

14 Housing properties

Group			Completed	2021	2020	
	Completed	Under	shared			
	properties	construction	ownership	Total	Total	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Cost						
At beginning of year	396,967	14,792	2,539	414,298	397,935	
Re-categorisation	-	-	-	-	-	
Additions to properties in the year	1,379	8,492	-	9,871	14,071	
Section 106 agreements and donated land	605	-	-	605	2,108	
Schemes completed in the year	5,410	(5,410)	-	-	-	
Components replaced in the year	4,412	-	-	4,412	1,753	
Disposal of properties in the year	(474)	-	(47)	(521)	(576)	
Disposal of components in the year	(940)	-	-	(940)	(950)	
Impairment of properties	-	(330)	-	(330)	(43)	
Reclassification of assets from Homebuy	9	-	-	9	-	
Reclassification of assets	(50)	50	-	-	-	
At end of year	407,318	17,594	2,492	427,404	414,298	
Depreciation						
At beginning of year	60,019	-	-	60,019	54,522	
Charge for year	6,451	-	-	6,451	6,157	
Disposal of properties in the year	(25)	-	-	(25)	(110)	
Disposal of components in the year	(484)	-	-	(484)	(543)	
Reclassification of assets	-	-	-	-	(7)	
At end of year	65,961	-	-	65,961	60,019	
Net book value						
At end of year	341,357	17,594	2,492	361,443	354,279	
At beginning of year	336,948	14,792	2,539	354,279	343,413	

Hendre Limited

			Completed	2021	2020
	Completed	Under	shared		
	properties	construction	ownership	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost					
At beginning of year	-	-	-	-	-
Additions to properties in the year	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of properties from Hafod Housing Association	5,400	-	-	5,400	-
At end of year	5,400	-		5,400	<u> </u>
Depreciation					
At beginning of year	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for year	97	-	-	97	-
Transfer of properties from Hafod Housing Association	666	-	-	666	-
At end of year	763	-	-	763	
Net book value					
At end of year	4,637	-	-	4,637	-
At beginning of year	-	-	-	-	-

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

14 Housing properties (continued)

In addition to the components replaced in the year, a further £1.9m was spent on major repairs (excluding overheads) and has been written off to the statement of comprehensive income (2020: £0.7m). Physical adaptation works (PAG's) and buy back of properties capitalised in the year amounted to £1.2m (2020 £0.7m).

Properties for letting are stated at historic cost less depreciation. Cost includes the cost of acquiring land and buildings and development costs. Where land or buildings are acquired at below market value e.g. as part of a Section 106 agreement (under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990), the carrying value reflects the fair value of the asset received, with the subsidy implicit in the arrangement deemed as grant. Surpluses or deficits resulting from the sale of properties are shown in the statement of comprehensive income under surpluses/deficits from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

Direct development administration costs capitalised in the year amounted to £0.5m (2020: £0.5m). Costs which are directly attributable to the development activity are capitalised including any third party legal, professional or consultancy costs incurred directly in bringing a project into management. The Association does not capitalise any interest costs associated with its development activity.

Direct maintenance administration costs capitalised in the year amounted to £0.2m (2020: 0.1m) and are included in the components replaced in the year above.

The Group charges depreciation on properties for letting and capitalised components on a straight line basis in order to write off the asset's cost less residual value over its useful economic life.

The above figures exclude the Group's investment in WHP (see note 21).

Where a property for letting comprises two or more major components with substantially different useful economic lives, each component is accounted for separately and is depreciated over its individual useful economic life. Expenditure relating to replacement or renewal of components is capitalised as incurred.

Depreciation on properties for letting is charged from the beginning of the year following the property entering into management. Depreciation on capitalised components is charged from the beginning of the year following the replacement of a capitalised component.

Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis over the assets expected useful economic life as follows:

Component	General needs and supported housing	Residential and nursing homes
Property structure	100 years or the period of lease	50 years or the period of lease
Kitchens	15 years	30 years
Bathrooms	25 years	25 years
Heating systems	15 years	20 years
Electrics	35 years	35 years
Window and doors	30 years	30 years
Roof	65 years	50 years
Lifts	20 years	20 years
Physical adaptions	20 years	n/a
Conversions	20 years	20 years

Shared ownership properties are not depreciated as the residual value, which is the estimated amount that would currently be obtained from sale, is not less than the carrying value. All properties are split between fixed and current assets in line with the expectation relating to the first tranche sale percentage. The expected first tranche proportion is classified as a current asset until the point of the first tranche sale. The current asset is then transferred to cost of sales and matched against the sale proceeds within the operating surplus in the statement of comprehensive income. Any operating surplus is restricted to the overall surplus which takes account of the Existing Use Value - Social Housing (EUV-SH) of the remaining fixed asset element. The remaining element of the asset is classified as a fixed asset and included in the housing properties as cost less social housing grant, less any provision for depreciation or impairment.

15 Impairment review

Properties held for their social benefit are not held solely for the cash inflows they generate and are held for their service potential. An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether an indicator of impairment exists. If such an indicator exists, an impairment assessment is carried out and an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset is made. Where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit in the statement of comprehensive income. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its value in use and fair value less costs to sell. Where assets are held for their service potential, value in use is determined by the present value of the asset's remaining service potential plus the net amount expected to be received from its disposal. Depreciated replacement cost is taken as a suitable measurement model.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply and included in surplus or deficit in the statement of comprehensive income.

During 2021 Hafod Housing Association Limited made a provision for two developments which have suffered irrecoverable costs relating to legal fees and a change of developer.

The Group is satisfied, by consideration of a number of factors, that there is no indication of impairment to any category of assets other than stated above, and thus considers that a full, detailed impairment evaluation is not required. In arriving at this conclusion the Group has considered the current level of demand for property across all areas and property types, the low level of void losses, current and projected cash flows, and the ongoing investment in property maintenance and improvement.

16 Intangible assets

	Group		Hendre	Limited
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	Total	Total	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost				
At beginning of year	743	412	412	412
Additions during year	139	331	-	
At end of year	882	743	412	412
Depreciation				
At beginning of year	413	322	362	322
Charge for year	102	91	23	40
At end of year	515	413	385	362
Net book value				
At end of year	367	330	27	50
At beginning of year	330	90	50	90

Intangible assets relates to computer software and is stated at historic cost less accumulated depreciation. The Association charges depreciation on a straight line basis in order to write off the asset's cost less residual value over its useful economic life which ranges from 4 to 10 years depending on the software requirement.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

17 Other property, plant and equipment Group

vehicles Office Service and 2021	2020 Total
Tatal	Total
property equipment equipment Total	
£'000 £'000 £'000	£'000
Cost	
At beginning of year 2,613 1,036 5,252 8,901	9,054
Additions during year-77256333	427
Disposals during year (129) - (6) (135)	(580)
At end of year 2,484 1,113 5,502 9,099	8,901
Depreciation	
At beginning of year 930 701 4,311 5,942	5,974
Charge for year 39 57 373 469	548
Disposals during year (47) - (6) (53)	(580)
At end of year 922 758 4,678 6,358	5,942
Net book value	
At end of year 1,562 355 824 2,741	2,959
At beginning of year 1,683 335 941 2,959	3,080
Hendre Limited Computers	
, furniture	
Office Service and 2021	2020
property equipment equipment Total	Total
£'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	£'000
Cost	
At beginning of year 2,613 - 1,007 3,620	4,173
Additions during year 14 14 Dispacele during year (120)	27 (590)
Disposals during year (129) - (6) (135) At end of year 2,484 - 1,015 3,499	(580) 3,620
	5,020
Depreciation	
At beginning of year 930 - 690 1,620	2,051
Charge for year 39 - 88 127	149
Disposals during year (47) - (6) (53)	(580)
At end of year 922 - 772 1,694	1,620
Net book value	
At end of year 1,562 - 243 1,805	2,000
At beginning of year 1,683 - 317 2,000	2,122

Other property, plant and equipment is stated at historic cost less accumulated depreciation. The Group charges depreciation on a straight line basis in order to write off the asset's cost less residual value over its useful economic life. The principal asset lives on which depreciation is based are:

Office buildings	50
Computer equipment	5 y
Service equipment	5 -
Equipment, furniture and fittings	4 -
Motor vehicles	3 y
Air conditioning	15
Telephone switchboard	15

) years

years

- 10 years

- 10 years

years

5 years

5 years

18 Investment property

	Group		Hendre	Limited
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At beginning of year	997	997	997	997
Fair value movement on investment properties	(40)	-	(40)	-
At end of year	957	997	957	997

The classification of properties as investment property or property plant and equipment is based upon the intended use of the property. Properties held to earn commercial rentals or for capital appreciation or both are classified as investment properties. Properties that are used for administrative purposes or that are held for the provision of social housing are treated as property plant and equipment. Mixed use property is separated between investment property and property, plant and equipment. Investment properties are measured at fair value annually with any change recognised in surplus or deficit in the statement of comprehensive income.

19 Homebuy loans

Group

Homebuy loans relate to properties which the Group has funded under the Homebuy option scheme. The investment is secured by a second charge over each property. The occupier of each property has the right to acquire the Group's investment at market value.

	Group		Hendre	Limited
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At beginning of year	10,915	10,633	-	-
Additions	564	1,890	-	-
Disposals	(739)	(1,608)	-	-
Reclassification of assets to general needs	(9)	-	-	-
At end of year	10,731	10,915	-	-

Hendre Limited

Hendre Limited held no Homebuy loans at the end of the year (2020: nil).

Surpluses or deficits resulting from the sale of fixed asset investments are shown in the statement of comprehensive income under surpluses/deficits from the sale of property, plant and equipment.

20 Investment in MORhomes plc

	2021	2020	
	£'000	£'000	
At beginning of year	62	62	
Shares acquired in the year	-	-	
Adjustment to write down share value	-	-	
At end of year	62	62	

Hendre Limited has an investment in MORhomes plc, which is owned by a number of housing associations. MORhomes plc aims to issue debt listed on the London stock exchange and on-lend those funds as loans to housing associations. The intention is that surpluses will be returned as dividends. It is not currently possible to measure the fair value of this investment and it is therefore stated at cost less impairment.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

21 Investment in joint ventures

During 2011, Hendre, established The Welsh Housing Partnership Limited ("WHP"), a Jointly Controlled Entity with three other Welsh Registered Social Landlords.

During 2017, Hendre, established WHP2, a Jointly Controlled Entity with three other Welsh Registered Social Landlords.

The investment made by Hendre Limited in these two Jointly Co

Group

At the beginning of the year	
Additional share capital	
Share of profit	
At the end of the year	

.

Hendre Limited

At the beginning of the year Additional share capital **At the end of the year**

Hendre holds 30% of the shares in WHP and WHP2. The other investors and their holdings are as follows:

Pennant Housing Association Limited	£16.505m
Pobl Group Limited	£16.505m
Grŵp Cynefin	£5.502m

Shares have voting rights and the entitlement to benefit from dividends and any receipt on dissolution. Hendre has the right to nominate a member to the Board of WHP and WHP2. A partnership agreement sets out the respective rights and obligations of the investors in respect of the strategic and operational conduct of WHP and WHP2.

22 Inventories

Housing properties

Inventories consists of two low cost home ownership properties awaiting sale (2020: one property).

23 Debtors due after more than one year

Housing Finance Grant CoCo Debt

ontrolled Entities are summarised as follows:						
WHP	WHP2	Total				
£'000	£'000	£'000				
5,687	6,732	12,419				
-	975	975				
15	61	76				
5,702	7,768	13,470				
WHP	WHP2	Total				
£'000	£'000	£'000				
8,880	6,650	15,530				
-	975	975				
8,880	7,625	16,505				

Gr	oup	Hendre	Limited
2021	2020	2021	2020
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
211	82	-	

Gro	oup	Hendre	Limited
2021	2020	2021	2020
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
7,792 115	7,994 115	-	-
7,907	8,109	-	

23 Debtors due after more than one year (continued)

Housing Finance Grant (HFG) is paid by the Welsh Government towards the costs of housing assets over a period of 30 years to subsidise the capital and interest costs for the provision of affordable housing. The net present value of the HFG receivable over the agreed payment term is recognised as a capital grant and a deferred debtor. Upon receipt of the grant payments, the debtor decreases by the capital element and the difference between this and the amount of grant received is credited to surplus or deficit in the statement of comprehensive income as a contribution towards the financing cost of that scheme. The discount rate used for the net present value calculations is the same rate that applies to the associated borrowing to fund the housing assets. The capital grant element of HFG previously received is deemed to be repayable upon disposal of a related housing asset. This is treated as recycled capital grant in the recycled capital grant fund and included in the statement of financial position as a creditor.

The CoCo Debt takes the form of a convertible loan note instrument which provides for the issue of notes (the CoCo Notes) which represent a debt owed by MORhomes plc. The CoCo Notes will convert from debt to shares in MORhomes upon certain prescribed events occurring.

24 Debtors due within one year

	Gre	oup	Hendre	Limited
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Arrears of rent and service charges	2,715	3,009	-	-
Less: provision for bad and doubtful debts	(1,409)	(1,862)	-	-
	1,306	1,147	-	-
Housing Finance Grant	545	545	-	
Trade debtors	472	516	58	50
Other taxation and social security	-	9	-	9
Other debtors and prepayments	1,974	2,039	30	16
Inter-company debtors	-	-	348	856
	4,297	4,256	436	931

The Group adopts a policy for making full provision for all arrears owed by former tenants plus full provision for all current tenant arrears in excess of eight weeks old at the balance sheet date.

25 Cash and cash equivalents

	Group		Hendre	Limited
	2021 2020		2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Treasury deposits:				
Overnight deposit	5,042	5,075	-	-
32 days deposit	10,000	10,000	-	-
35 days deposit	14,000	-	-	-
90 days deposit	-	5,000	-	-
	29,042	20,075	-	-
Cash at bank and in hand	467	520	2	4
	29,509	20,595	2	4

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

The Group's treasury management risks are managed under the umbrella of the Group's Treasury Management policy. Under the Group's policy, surplus cash generated by members of the Group is pooled within Hafod Housing Association Limited and placed on deposit with approved counter-parties in line with the credit risk policy.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

26 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Revenue grants

Housing loans (see note 28) Interest on housing loans Government grants (see note 29) Capital expenditure - properties Capital expenditure - components Capital retentions greater than 90 days Trade creditors Other taxation and social security Other creditors and accruals Inter-company creditors

27 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Housing loans (see note 28) Government grants - housing properties (see note 29) Recycled capital grant fund (see note 30) Homebuy grants (see note 31) Inter-company loan

As at 31 December 2021, Hendre Limited was in receipt of a public benefit entity concessionary loan of £5m from Hafod Housing Association Limited (2020: £5m).

28 Housing loans

Housing loans are secured by specific charges on the Group's properties. The interest rates are fixed at between 1.2% and 10.3% or vary with market rates.

Repayable by instalments due as follows: Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years

Within one year

As part of the Welsh Government's 'Land for Housing' initiative, Hafod Housing Association Limited received a public benefit entity concessionary loan of £2.9m during 2020. Repayments of £1.572m were made leaving a balance of £1.328m at 31 December 2021 (2020: 2.5m). The loan was specifically used for the acquisition of land and is repayable when construction of the scheme begins or within five years, whichever is earlier.

Gr	oup	Hendre Limited			
2021	2020	2021	2020		
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000		
13	5	-	-		
3,252	4,686	-	-		
839	869	-	-		
2,270	2,207	41	-		
820	468	-	-		
1,991	569	-	-		
240	398	-	-		
1,874	2,063	1	18		
1,870	1,909	36	127		
5,479	3,991	111	134		
-		1			
18,648	17,165	190	279		

Gr	oup	Hendre	Limited
2021	2020	2021	2020
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
131,475	132,953	-	-
199,355	185,442	15,632	10,691
2,031	1,931	-	-
3,156	3,329	-	-
-	-	5,000	5,000
336,017	323,655	20,632	15,691

Gr	oup	Hendre	Limited
2021	2020	2021	2020
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
3,593	1,493	-	-
12,313	11,740	-	-
115,569	119,720	-	-
131,475	132,953	-	-
3,252	4,686	-	-
134,727	137,639	-	-



29 Government grants

Group	Completed properties £'000	Under construction £'000	Completed shared ownership £'000	Investment in JV £'000	2021 Total £'000	2020 Total £'000
At beginning of year	193,568	7,195	1,214	10,691	212,668	203,727
Receipts	649	13,542	-	1,436	15,627	7,137
Section 106 agreements and donated land	605	-	-	-	605	2,108
Schemes completed in year	2,636	(2,636)	-	-	-	-
Disposal of properties	(51)	-	(19)	-	(70)	(304)
Reclassification	10	-	-	-	10	-
At end of year	197,417	18,101	1,195	12,127	228,840	212,668
Amortisation						
At beginning of year	24,761	-	258	-	25,019	23,007
Re-categorisation	(7)	-	7	-	-	-
Amortised to statement of comprehensive income	2,194	-	12	-	2,206	2,077
Disposal of properties	(5)	-	(5)	-	(10)	(65)
Reduction on sales	-	-	_	-	-	-
At end of year	26,943	-	272	-	27,215	25,019
Net book value						
At end of year	170,474	18,101	923	12,127	201,625	187,649
At beginning of year	168,807	7,195	956	10,691	187,649	180,720
Due within one year (see note 26)					2,270	2,207
Due after more than one year (see note 27)					199,355	185,442
Total government grants					201,625	187,649



29 Government grants (continued)

Hendre Limited		Under	Completed		
	Completed	constructio	shared	Investment	2021
	properties	n	ownership	in JV	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At beginning of year	-	-	-	10,6 <mark>91</mark>	10,691
Receipts	-	-	-	1,436	1,436
Transfer of properties from Hafod Housing Association Limi	ted 3,891	-	-	-	3,891
At end of year	3,891	-		12,127	16,018
Amortisation					
At beginning of year	-	-	-	-	-
Amortised to statement of comprehensive income	41	-	-	-	41
Transfer of properties from Hafod Housing Association Limit	ted 304	-		-	304
At end of year	345			-	345
Net book value					
At end of year	3,546	-	-	12,127	15,673
At beginning of year	-	-	-	10,691	10,691
Due within one year (see note 26)					41
Due after more than one year (see note 27)					15,632
Total government grants					15,673

Government grants, including social housing grant (SHG) received from the Welsh Government, relating to the acquisition and development of the Group's housing properties are accounted for under the accrual model and recognised in turnover over the expected useful life of the housing property structure (see note15). Where land or buildings are acquired at below market value e.g. as part of a Section 106 agreement (under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990), the carrying value reflects the fair value of the asset received, with the subsidy implicit in the arrangement deemed as grant.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had received £12.127m (2020: £10.691m) in social housing grant (SHG) from the Welsh Government in relation to the investment in its joint venture, the Welsh Housing Partnership. The grant is treated as deferred income until the benefits of the grant are realised.

2020 Total £'000
9,363 1,328
- 10,691
-
-
10,691
9,363
- 10,691 10,691

30 Recycled capital grant fund

	Group		Hendre Limite		Limited
	2021	20	20	2021	2020
	£'000	£'0	00	£'000	£'000
At beginning of year	1,931	1,3	15	-	-
Inputs to recycled capital grant fund	233	3	95	-	-
Recycling of grant	(133)	(7	77)	-	-
Re-categorisation	-	2	98	-	-
At end of year	2,031	1,9	31	-	-

Where there is a requirement to either repay or recycle a grant received for an asset that has been disposed of, a provision is included in the statement of financial position to recognise this obligation as a liability. When approval is received from the funding body to use the grant for a specific development, the amount previously recognised as a provision for the recycling of the grant is reclassified as a creditor in the statement of financial position. There is no recycled capital grant fund repayable within 12 months.

31 Homebuy grants

	Group		Hendre Limited	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
At beginning of year	3,329	3,421	-	-
Additions	-	-	-	-
Disposals	(163)	(92)	-	-
Reclassification	(10)	-	-	
At end of year	3,156	3,329	-	-

A Homebuy grant was provided by the Welsh Government to fund all or part of a Homebuy loan (see note 19) provided by Hafod Housing Association Limited to the purchaser of the housing property. When the Homebuy loan is redeemed the respective Homebuy grant is recognised in the recycled capital grant fund.

32 Non equity share capital

	Hendre	Limited
	2021	2020
	£	£
Shares of £1 each fully paid and issued at par		
At beginning of year	18	18
Shares issued during the year	1	4
Shares redeemed/(forfeited) during the year	(2)	(4)
At end of year	17	18

The shares provide members with the right to vote at general meetings, but do not provide any rights to dividends, redemption or distributions on a winding up.

33 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The carrying value of the Association's financial assets and liabilities are summarised by category below:

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

33 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets measured at undiscounted amount receivable Short term debtors with no stated interest rate receivable within one year are recorded at transaction price; any changes are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Where loans are made or received between a public benefit entity within the Group at below the prevailing market rate of interest that are not repayable on demand and are for the purposes to further the objectives of the public benefit entity, these loans are treated as concessionary loans and are recognised in the statement of financial position at the amount paid or received and the carrying amount adjusted to reflect any accrued interest payable or receivable.

Rent arrears (see note 24) Trade debtors (see note 24) Inter-company debtors (see note 24) Cash and cash equivalents (see note 25)

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. If there is objective evidence that there is an impairment loss, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced accordingly. A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows expire, or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and reward are transferred. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Housing Finance Grant (see notes 23 and 24) CoCo Debt (see note 23)

Financial liabilities measured at undiscounted amount payable Short term creditors with no stated interest rate receivable within one year are recorded at transaction price; any changes from impairment are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Gro	oup	Hendre Limited				
2021	2020	2021	2020			
£	£	£	£			
1,306	1,147	-	-			
472	516	58	50			
-	-	348	856			
29,509	20,595	2	4			
31,287	22,258	408	910			

Gr	Group Hendre Limit			
2021	2020	2021	2020	
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
8,337	8,539	-	-	
115	115	-	-	
8,452	8,654	-	-	

33 Financial instruments (continued)

	Gro	oup	Hendre	Limited
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Interest on housing loans (see note 26)	839	869	-	-
Capital expenditure - properties for letting (see note 26)	820	468	-	-
Capital expenditure - replacement components (see note 26)	1,991	569	-	-
Capital retentions greater than 90 days (see note 26)	240	398	-	-
Trade creditors (see note 26)	1,874	2,063	1	-
Inter-company loan	-	-	5,000	5,000
Inter-company creditors (see note 26)	-	-	1	-
	5,764	4,367	5,002	5,000

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Non-current debt instruments which meet the necessary conditions in FRS 102, are initially recognised at fair value adjusted for any directly attributable transaction cost and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest-related charges recognised as an expense in finance costs in the statement of comprehensive income. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. A financial liability is derecognised only when the contractual obligation is extinguished, that is, when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

	Gro	pup	Hendre	Limited
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Housing loans (see note 26 and 27)	134,727	137,639	-	

Interest income and expense

The Group's income and expense in respect of financial instruments are summarised below:

	Group		Hendre Limited	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Interest receivable	25	55	-	-
Interest and financing costs	(5,696)	(5,627)	-	-
	(5,671)	(5,572)	-	-

34 Capital commitments

	Group		Hendre Limited	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Expenditure contracted less certified	18,498	6,573	-	-
Expenditure authorised by the Board but not contracted	40,303	54,870	-	-
	58,801	61,443	-	-

The Board expects that any expenditure it has authorised will be fully financed by grants, mortgage, loans and reserves.

35 Contingent liabilities

Hendre Limited nor the subsidiaries are aware of any contingent liabilities at the end of the year.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

36 Operating leases

At 31 December 2021 the Group had total commitments under operating leases in respect of leased properties, office premises, equipment and vehicles as follows:

Payments due: No later than one year Later than one year and not later than 5 years Over 5 years

The majority of the above commitments are in respect of properties managed by Hafod Housing Association Limited under lease from The Welsh Housing Partnership and WHP2

Gr	roup Hendre Limited			
2021	2020	2021	2020	
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
2,112	1,831	-	-	
6,166	7,115	-	-	
10,497	9,402	-	-	
18,775	18,348	-	-	

37 Related party transactions

Transactions between members of the Hendre Group are set out in the tables below.

Services provided by:	Company	Hendre Limited £'000	Hafod Housing Association Limited £'000	Hatod Resources	Housing Tai	Yellow Wales
Registered	Hendre Limited	-	447	-	-	-
Social Landlord	Hafod Housing Association Limited	-	-	-	-	-
	Hafod Resources Limited	-	-	-	-	-
Non-registered	Foundation Housing Tai Sylfaen	-	-	-	-	-
	Yellow Wales	-	-	-	-	-

Hendre Limited provides a landlord and facilities function to Hafod Housing Association Limited. These costs are recharged in full as at 31 December 2021.

Debtor / (creditor) balances:	Company	Hendre Limited £'000	Association Limited	Hafod Resources Limited £'000	Foundation Housing Tai Sylfaen £'000	Yellow Wales £'000
Registered Social Landlord	Hendre Limited	-	4,652	1	-	-
	Hafod Housing Association Limited	(4,652)	-	83	-	3
Non-registered	Hafod Resources Limited	(1)	(83)	-	-	-
	Foundation Housing Tai Sylfaen	-	-	-	-	-
	Yellow Wales	-	(3)	-	-	-

As at 31 December 2021, Hendre Limited has a public entity concessionary loan with Hafod Housing Association Limited (£5.0m).

The Group's treasury management risks are managed under the umbrella of the Group's Treasury Management policy. Under the Group's policy, surplus cash generated by members of the Group is pooled within Hafod Housing Association Limited and placed on deposit with approved counter-parties.

None of the current senior executives or Board Members of Hendre Limited or its subsidiaries had any related party transactions with the Group during the year which require disclosure. Details are given in respect of previous senior executives or Board members.

Other related parties include Hafod Homes Limited and Hafod Corporate Services Limited which are not part of the Hendre Group. Jas Bains and Tracey Healey (Executive Directors of the Group) are Directors.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

38 Other finance cost

Return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities

39 Pension scheme

a) Greater Gwent (Torfaen) Pension Fund

On 1 August 2002 Hafod Care Association Limited acquired, from Torfaen County Borough Council, five residential homes for the elderly. Staff employed at these homes were transferred to the employment of Hafod Care Association Limited under Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) regulations. Prior to transfer, employees at these homes had been eligible to participate in the Local Government Pension Scheme; a defined benefit scheme. From the date of transfer the Administering Authority (Torfaen CBC) and the Transferee Admission Body (Hafod Care Association Limited) entered into an agreement to enable eligible employees to continue to be members of the Scheme and participate in the Pension Fund. On 31 July 2019, as part of the transfer of engagements from Hafod Care Association Limited to Hafod Housing Association Limited the pension fund including eligible employees transferred to Hafod Housing Association Limited.

In respect of employees who are members of Torfaen Local Government Pension Scheme, the Association operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable salary. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Association. Pension scheme assets are measured using market values (in respect of quoted securities this is current bid price). Pension scheme liabilities are measured using a projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability.

The pension scheme surplus (to the extent that it is recoverable) or deficit is recognised in full. The movement in the scheme surplus/deficit is split between operating charges, finance items and in the statement of comprehensive income.

The latest full actuarial valuation was carried out at 31 March 2019. For the purposes of these Financial Statements the valuation was updated, by a qualified independent actuary, to comply with Section 28 (Employee Benefits) of FRS 102. In order to reflect the volatile economic climate caused by Covid-19, the most up to date available data was used in the valuation.

The contribution rate payable by the Association for all its employees in the scheme for 2021 was 30.5% (2020: 29.6%). Contributions paid during the year were £51,310 (2020: £51,826), no costs were paid in respect of early retirement benefits (2020: nil). The company expects to contribute approximately £53,000 to the scheme in the next financial year.

The main assumptions used in this valuation were:

Rate of increase in salaries

Rate of increase of pensions in payment and deferred pensions Discount rate applied to scheme liabilities

2021 £'000	2020 £'000
2000	£ 000
122	181
(132)	(188)
(10)	(7)

2021	2020
%	%
3.2	2.8
2.9	2.5
1.9	1.3



39 Pension scheme (continued)

Mortality assumptions: The following standard mortality tables were used in the evaluation:

Post retirement mortality assumptions

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves with improvements in line with the CMI 2020 model, with a 0% weighting of 2020 data, standard smoothing (Sk7), initial adjustment of 0.5% and a long term rate of improvement of 1.5% per annum. Based on these assumptions the average future life expectancy at 65 are summarised below

Life expectancy (at the end of the year)

- of a male (female) future pensioner (in 20 years time)	22.1 (25.4) years
- of a male (female) current pensioner	20.7 (23.4) years

The assumptions used by the actuary are the best estimates chosen from a range of possible actuarial assumptions which, due to the timescale covered, may not necessarily be borne out in practice.

Scheme assets/(liabilities)

The fair value of the scheme's assets, which are not intended to be realised in the short term and may be subject to significant change before they are realised, and the present value of the scheme's liabilities, which are derived from cash flow projections over long periods and thus inherently uncertain, were:

	Value at	Value at
	31-Dec-21	31-Dec-20
	£'000	£'000
Equities	8,274	7,412
Government bonds	1,885	1,900
Property	314	190
Cash (including others)	-	-
Total market value of assets	10,473	9,502
Present value of scheme liabilities	(9,784)	(10,247)
Net pension liability	689	(745)
Movement in surplus for the year		
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Deficit at the beginning of year	(745)	(332)
Current service cost	(81)	(75)
Past service cost	-	-
Contributions paid	51	52
Other finance cost	(10)	(7)
Actuarial gain/(loss)	1,474	(383)

Surplus/(deficit) at the end of year

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2021

39 Pension scheme (continued) Movement in plan assets for the year

Assets at the beginning of year Return on assets Actuarial gain Employer contributions Employee contributions Benefits paid Assets at the end of year

Movement in plan liabilities for the year

Liabilities at the beginning of yea
Service cost
Interest cost
Employee contributions
Actuarial (gain)/loss
Benefits paid
Liabilities at the end of year

Analysis of other pension costs charged in arriving at operating surplus

Current service cost Past service cost Total service cost

Analysis of amounts included in other finance income

Return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities

Analysis of amount recognised in statement of total recognised surpluses and

Actuarial gain on scheme assets Actuarial gain/(loss) on scheme liabilities Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income

689

(745)

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
	9,502	9,127
	122	181
	1,125	386
	51	52
	10	11
	(337)	(255)
	10,473	9,502
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
	10,247	9,459
	81	75
	132	188
	10	11
	(349)	769
	(337)	(255)
	9,784	10,247
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
	(81)	(75)
	- (01)	- (75)
	(81)	(75)
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
	122	181
	(132)	(188)
	(10)	(7)
d da	eficits	
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
	1,125	386
	349	(769)
	1,474	(383)



39 Pension scheme (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivities regarding the principal assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities are set out below:

Change in assumptions at 31 December 2021	Approximate % increase to employer liability	Approximate monetary amount (£'000)
0.1% decrease in real discount rate	2%	154
1 year increase in member life expectancy	4%	391
0.1% increase in the salary increase rate	0%	4
0.1% increase in the pension increase rate	2%	148

b) Other pension arrangements

As at 31 December 2021 the Group had active members in four other pension schemes (in addition to the Torfaen Local Government Pension Scheme). These schemes were: National Employment Savings Trust (NEST); a group personal pension plan with AEGON; a group defined contribution scheme with Scottish Widows; and a stakeholder pension scheme with Standard Life Assurance. New members of staff employed by the Group were auto-enrolled into either the National Employment Savings Trust (NEST); or a group personal pension plan with AEGON, depending on which pension scheme was offered under their contract of employment. The Scottish Widows and the Standard Life schemes are closed to new members. The costs of these four schemes are written off to the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the Association in independently administered funds. The Group operates a salary exchange scheme that is available to all employees in the AEGON pension plan.

40 Subsidiary undertakings

At the year end the following were the subsidiaries of Hendre Limited. All are wholly owned, have share capital comprising non-equity shares (except for Hafod Resources Limited which has only ordinary shares) and are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

Company name

Hafod Housing Association Limited Foundation Housing Tai Sylfaen Limited Hafod Resources Limited Yellow Wales

Nature of activity

Provision of housing, support and care Provision of emergency housing and support (not active) General commercial (not active) Provision of training and support to young vulnerable adults (not active)

